

Review Acad Radiol. 2024 Nov 20:S1076-6332(24)00835-3. doi: 10.1016/j.acra.2024.10.048.

Online ahead of print.

Pearls and Pitfalls of T1-Weighted Neuroimaging: A Primer for the Clinical Radiologist

Bryce D Beutler ¹, Zhaoyang Fan ², Alexander Lerner ³, Ruskin Cua ², Sam Zheng ³, Priya Rajagopalan ³, Daniel C Phung ³, Mark S Shiroishi ³, Nasim Sheikh-Bahaei ², Daniel Antwi-Amoabeng ⁴, Reza Assadsangabi ³

Affiliations

PMID: 39572296 DOI: [10.1016/j.acra.2024.10.048](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.acra.2024.10.048)

Abstract

All T1-weighted images are built upon one of two fundamental pulse sequences, spin-echo and gradient echo, each of which has distinct signal characteristics and clinical applications. Moreover, within each broadly defined category of T1-weighting, acquisition parameters can be modified to affect image quality, contrast, and scan duration; each tailored sequence has unique advantages, drawbacks, clinical indications, and potential artifacts. In this review, we describe key features that distinguish different types of T1-weighted sequences and discuss the utility of each sequence for specific clinical settings, including neuro-oncology, vasculopathy, and pediatric neuroradiology. In addition, we provide case examples from our institution that illustrate common artifacts and pitfalls associated with image interpretation. The findings described herein provide a framework to individualize the imaging protocol based on patient presentation and clinical indication.

Keywords: Artifacts; Clinical applications; MRI physics; Optimal protocols; T1-weighted imaging.

Copyright © 2024 The Association of University Radiologists. Published by Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

[PubMed Disclaimer](#)