Neurooncol Pract. 2024 Mar 14;11(4):404-412. doi: 10.1093/nop/npae022. eCollection 2024 Aug.

Clinician perspectives on integrating neuro-oncology and palliative care for patients with high-grade glioma

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PMID: 39006519 PMCID: PMC11241354 (available on 2025-03-14) DOI: 10.1093/nop/npae022

Abstract

Background: Patients with high-grade glioma have high palliative care needs, yet few receive palliative care consultation. This study aims to explore themes on (1) benefits of primary (delivered by neuro-oncologists) and specialty palliative care (SPC) and (2) barriers to SPC referral, according to a diverse sample of clinicians.

Methods: From September 2021 to May 2023, 10 palliative physicians and 10 neuro-oncologists were recruited via purposive sampling for diversity in geographic setting, seniority, and practice structure. Semistructured, 45-minute interviews were audio-recorded, professionally transcribed, and coded by 2 investigators. A qualitative, phenomenological approach to thematic analysis was used.

Results: Regarding primary palliative care, (1) neuro-oncologists have primary ownership of cancerdirected treatment and palliative management and (2) the neuro-oncology clinic is glioma patients' medical home. Regarding SPC, (1) palliative specialists' approach is beneficial even without disease-specific expertise; (2) palliative specialists have time to comprehensively address palliative needs; and (3) earlier SPC enhances its benefits. For referral barriers, (1) appointment burden can be mitigated with telehealth, home-based, and embedded palliative care; (2) heightened stigma associating SPC with hospice in a population with high death anxiety can be mitigated with earlier referral to promote rapport-building; and (3) lack of neuro-oncologic expertise among palliative specialists can be mitigated by emphasizing their role in managing nonneurologic symptoms, coping support, and anticipatory guidance.

Conclusions: These themes emphasize the central role of neuro-oncologists in addressing palliative care needs in glioma, without obviating the need for or benefits of SPC. Tailored models may be needed to optimize the balance of primary and specialty palliative care in glioma.

Keywords: glioma; palliative care; quality of life.

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