J Pediatr Hematol Oncol. 2024 Apr 4. doi: 10.1097/MPH.00000000002853. Online ahead of print.

## Very Long-Term Survivorship in Pediatric DIPG: Case Report and Review of the Literature

Evan Dimentberg <sup>1</sup>, Marie-Pier Marceau <sup>1</sup>, Alexandre Lachance <sup>1</sup>, Samuel Bergeron-Gravel <sup>2</sup>, Stephan Saikali <sup>3</sup>, Louis Crevier <sup>4</sup>, Catherine Bourget <sup>5</sup>, Cynthia Hawkins <sup>6</sup>, Nada Jabado <sup>7</sup>, Panagiota Giannakouros <sup>8</sup>, Samuele Renzi <sup>8</sup>, Valérie Larouche <sup>8</sup>

**Affiliations** 

PMID: 38573000 DOI: 10.1097/MPH.000000000002853

## **Abstract**

Diffuse intrinsic pontine gliomas are lethal tumors with a prognosis generally less than 1 year. Few cases of survivors of 5 years or more have been reported. This case report highlights the journey of a 9.5-year survivor who underwent 3 rounds of focal radiotherapy; she experienced 6 years of progression-free survival following the first round but ultimately succumbed to her disease. An autopsy revealed a favorable IDH1 mutation and the absence of H3K27M. This case reiterates the importance of extensive molecular analyses in diffuse intrinsic pontine gliomas and explores the potential benefit of re-irradiation in patients with positive responses and long periods of remission.

Copyright © 2024 Wolters Kluwer Health, Inc. All rights reserved.

PubMed Disclaimer

1 di 1 23/04/2024, 16:26